COURSE TITLE	Consumer behaviour						
Course code	STT041	Year of study	3.				
	Mario Dadić, lecturer	ECTS 6					
Lecturer(s)	(Number of credits allocated)						
		Total lesson hours per	Lecture	Seminar	Practical	Laboratory	
Associates		semester	30	30			
Course status	compulsory	Percentage share of e- learning	20%				
	COURS	SE DESCRIPTION					
Course Objectives	<ol> <li>Understanding the basic laws and principles of consumer behavior in order to influence their purchasing decisions.</li> <li>Analysis of the reasons and motives for buying consumers.</li> <li>Recognize the influence of situational factors on making a purchase decision.</li> <li>Identify the reasons for post-purchase (consumer) dissatisfaction.</li> <li>Application of acquired knowledge and skills in the market with the aim of adapting to different market changes and forms of consumer behavior.</li> </ol>						
Course enrolment requirements and entry competencies required for the course							
Learning outcomes	<ol> <li>Describe the basic laws and principles of consumer behavior.</li> <li>Recognize the different motives of consumers and the importance of situational</li> </ol>						
On successful completion of this course, student should be able to:	factors in making a purchase decision.  3. Suggest ways to meet consumer needs,  4. Choose the optimal approach in solving consumer problems,  5. Identify the most appropriate ways to influence consumer behavior.						
Course content	Introduction to the course Consumer Behavior. The influence of social factors on consumer behavior - the influence of culture, socialization, society and social classes. Analysis of multicultural impacts on business and consumer behavior. The influence of social factors on consumer behavior - the influence of social groups, families and situational factors. Personal factors - The influence of motivation, motivation and perception on consumer behavior. Personal factors - The influence of attitudes, personality traits, values and lifestyles and knowledge on consumer behavior. The impact of VALS on consumer behavior. Psychological processes - Information processing process and learning process. Psychological processes - The process of changing attitudes and behavior, group communication and personal influence. How to change negative consumer attitudes. The process of making a purchase decision - recognizing the problem and seeking information. Purchase decision making process. Evaluation of information and purchases. New techniques of influencing consumer behavior in personal sales. Post-consumer behavior. Consumer satisfaction and consumer behavior patterns. Consumer loyalty. Organizational customer behavior. Other areas of consumer behavior - Marketing communication, dissemination of innovation and consumerism.						
Types of teaching:	⊠ lecture	⊠ self-study					

	⊠ seminars and workshop       □ multimed         □ practical       □ laborato         ⊠ combined e-learning       □ mentorin         □ field research       □ (others)			aboratory mentoring				
Student obligations	Attending classes, seminar workshops, exams.							
Monitoring student work (enter the share in ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits corresponds to the credit value of the course):	Class attendance	1,5	Research		1,5	Practical work		
	Experimental work		Report			(others)		
	Essay		Seminar		1	(others)		
	Self-study		Workshop	)		(others)		
	Project		Office hou mid-term exams an final exam	d	2	(others)		
	CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT							
Assessment and evaluation of student work during classes and at the final exam	Continuous testing indicators				Performance A <sub>i</sub> (%)	Grade ratio		
	Case study				50-100	20		
	First mid-term exam				50-100	40		
	Second mid-term exam					50-100	40	
	FINAL ASSESSMENT							
	Indicators checks				Performance A <sub>i</sub> (%)	Grade ratio		
	Final exam				50 - 100	80		
	Previous activities					50 - 100	20	
	Indicators checks				Performance A <sub>i</sub> (%)	Grade ratio $k_i(\%)$		
	Final exam				50 - 100	80		
	Previous activities					50 - 100	20	
	The grade (in percentages) is formed on the basis of all indicators that describe the level of student activities according to the relation: $Grade (\%) = \sum_{i=1}^N k_i A_i$							
	$k_i$ - weighting factor for each activity, $A_i$ - success in percentage achieved for a particular activity, $N$ - total number of activities.							

	PERFORMANCE AND GRADE					
	Percentage	Criteria				
	50% - 61%	basic criteria met	sufficient (2)			
	62% - 74%	average performance with some errors	good (3)			
	75% - 87%	above average performance with minor errors	very good (4)			
	88% - 100%	outstanding performance	outstanding (5)			
Required reading	<ol> <li>Michael, Solomon, Bamossy Gary, Askegaard Soren &amp; K. H. Margaret: Consumer behaviour: a European perspective, New Yersey, ZDA: Prentice Hall Inc., 2006</li> </ol>					
Optional reading	<ol> <li>O'Shaugnessy, J.: Consumer bebaviour: Perspectives, Findings and Explanations, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2013.</li> <li>Peter, J. Paul &amp; Olson, Jerry: Consumer Behavior and Marketing Strategy, In McGraw Hill, New York, 2001.</li> <li>Frank, R.H.: Microeconomics and Behavior, McGraw-Hill Book, New York, 19</li> </ol>					
Quality monitoring to ensure the acquisition of established learning outcomes	<ul> <li>Records of class attendance and success in performing student obligations</li> <li>Updating detailed course curricula</li> <li>Supervision of teaching activities</li> <li>Continuous quality control of all parameters of the teaching process in accordance with the Action Plans</li> <li>Semester-based student survey in accordance with the "Ordinance on the procedure of student evaluation of teaching work at the University of Split" (UNIST, Centre for Quality Improvement).</li> </ul>					
Other information						